

Guidelines on Corporate Governance

Corporate governance philosophy

Reliance Home Finance follows the highest standards of corporate governance principles and best practices by adopting the "Reliance Group - Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" as is the norm for all constituent companies in the Group. These policies prescribe a set of systems and processes guided by the core principles of transparency, disclosure, accountability, compliances, ethical conduct and the commitment to promote the interests of all stakeholders. The policies and the code are reviewed periodically to ensure their continuing relevance, effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of our stakeholders.

Governance policies and practices

The Company has formulated a number of policies and introduced several governance practices to comply with the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, with most of them introduced long before they were made mandatory.

A. Values and commitments

We have set out and adopted a policy document on 'Values and Commitments' of Reliance Home Finance. We believe that any business conduct can be ethical only when it rests on the nine core values viz. honesty, integrity, respect, fairness, purposefulness, trust, responsibility, citizenship and caring.

B. Code of ethics

Our policy document on 'Code of Ethics' demands that our employees conduct the business with impeccable integrity and by excluding any consideration of personal profit or advantage.

C. Business policies

Our 'Business Policies' cover a comprehensive range of issues such as fair market practices, inside information, financial records and accounting integrity, external communication, work ethics, personal conduct, policy on prevention of sexual harassment, health, safety, environment and quality.

D. Separation of the chairman's supervisory role from executive management

We have adopted the policy to ensure that the Chairman of the meetings of the Board shall be a non-executive director.

E. Policy on prohibition of insider trading

This document contains the policy on prohibiting trading in the securities of the Company, based on insider or privileged information.

F. Policy on prevention of sexual harassment

Our policy on prevention of sexual harassment aims at promoting a productive work environment and protects individual rights against sexual harassment.



G. Ombudspersons & Whistle Blower (Vigil Mechanism) policy

Our Ombudspersons & Whistle Blower (Vigil Mechanism) policy encourages disclosure in good faith of any wrongful conduct on a matter of general concern and protects the whistle blower from any adverse personnel action. The vigil mechanism has been overseen by the Audit Committee. It is affirmed that no person has been denied direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

H. Environment policy

The Company is committed to achieving excellence in environmental performance, preservation and promotion of clean environment. These are the fundamental concern in all our business activities.

I. Risk management

Our risk management procedures ensure that the management controls various business related risks through means of a properly defined framework.

J. Boardroom practices

a. Chairman

In line with the highest global standards of corporate governance, the Board has separated the Chairman's role from that of an executive in managing day-to-day business affairs as the Board and Committee Meetings of the Company are chaired by non-executive directors.

b. Board charter

The Company has a comprehensive charter which sets out clear and transparent guidelines on matters relating to the composition of the Board, the scope and function of the Board and its Committees, etc.

c. Board committees

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act'), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and applicable guidelines and directions issued by the National Housing Bank (NHB) / Reserve Bank of India (RBI), from time to time, the Board had constituted the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee, Risk Management Committee, IT Strategy Committee and Wilful Defaulters Review Committee.

d. Selection of independent directors

Considering the requirement of skill sets on the Board, eminent people having an independent standing in their respective field / profession, and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for appointment, as Independent Directors on the Board. The Committee, inter-alia, considers qualification, positive attributes, area of expertise, their independence and number of directorships and memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation and takes appropriate decision.



Every Independent Director, at the first meeting of the Board in which she / he participates as a Director and thereafter at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year or whenever there is any change in the circumstances which may affect her / his status as an Independent Director, provides a declaration that she / he meets with the criteria of independence as provided under law.

e. Tenure of independent directors

Tenure of independent directors on the Board of the Company shall not exceed the time period as per provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, as amended, from time to time.

f. Independent director's interaction with stakeholders

Members of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee interact with stakeholders on their suggestions and queries, if any, which are forwarded to the Company Secretary.

g. Familiarisation of board members

The Board members are periodically given formal orientation and training with respect to the Company's vision, strategic direction, core values including ethics, corporate governance practices, financial matters and business operations. The Directors are facilitated to get familiar with the Company's functions at the operational levels. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, business strategy and risks involved. The Board members are also provided with the necessary documents, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarise with the Company's procedures and practices. Periodic updates for members are also given out on relevant statutory changes and on important issues impacting the Company's business environment.

h. Meeting of independent directors with operating team

The independent directors of the Company meet in executive sessions with the various operating teams as and when they deem necessary. These discussions may include topics such as operating policies and procedures, risk management strategies, measures to improve efficiencies, performance and compensation, strategic issues for Board consideration, flow of information to directors, management progression and succession and others, as the independent directors may determine. During these executive sessions, the independent directors have access to members of management and other advisors, as the independent directors may determine and deem fit.

K. Role of the Company Secretary in Governance Process

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Directors and senior management for effective decision making at the meetings. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible, to assist the Board in the conduct of affairs of the Company, to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and Secretarial Standards, to provide guidance to Directors and to facilitate convening of meetings. She interfaces between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters. All the directors of the Company have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.



L. Independent Statutory Auditors

The Company's accounts are audited by independent audit firm as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

M. Compliance with the Listing Regulations

During the year, the Company is compliant with the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations.

N. Board of Directors

I. Board composition

1. Board strength and representation

- a. Board strength and representation is as per the applicable provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations.
- b. None of the directors have any business relationship with the Company.
- c. None of the directors have received any loans and advances from the Company during the financial year.
- d. None of the directors are related to any other director.
- e. All the Independent Directors of the Company furnish a declaration at the time of their appointment and also annually that they meet the criteria of independence as provided under law. The Board reviews the same and is of the opinion, that the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the Act and the Listing Regulations and are independent of the management. The Company's Independent Directors meet at least once in every financial year without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and Management Personnel.

2. Conduct of Board proceedings

The day-to-day business is conducted by the executives of the Company under the direction of the Board. The Board holds minimum four meetings every year to review and discuss the performance of the Company, its future plans, strategies and other pertinent issues relating to the Company.

The Board performs the following specific functions in addition to overseeing the business and the management:

- a. Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, risk policy, annual budgets and business plans; setting performance objectives; monitoring implementation and corporate performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestments.
- b. Monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices and making changes as needed.
- c. Selecting, compensating, monitoring and when necessary, replacing key executives and overseeing succession planning.
- d. Aligning key executive and Board remuneration with the longer term interests of the Company and its shareholders.
- e. Ensuring a transparent Board nomination process with the diversity of thought, experience, knowledge, perspective and gender in the Board.
- f. Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest of management, board members and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transactions.
- g. Ensuring the integrity of the Company's accounting and financial reporting systems, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in particular, systems for



risk management, financial and operational control, and compliance with the law and relevant standards.

- h. Overseeing the process of disclosure and communications.
- i. Monitoring and reviewing Board Evaluation Framework.

II. Audit Committee

The Company has an Audit Committee. The composition and terms of reference of Audit Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations, the NHB / RBI Directions and other applicable laws. All the Members of the Committee possess financial / accounting expertise / exposure.

The Audit Committee, *inter-alia*, advises the management on the areas where systems, processes, measures for controlling and monitoring revenue assurance, internal audit and risk management can be improved.

The terms of reference, inter-alia, comprises the following:

- 1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- 3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- 4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Boards' report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - b. changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
 - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
 - e. compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions.
 - g. modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- 7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
- 8. Subject to and conditional upon the approval of the Board of Directors, approval of Related Party Transactions (RPTs) or subsequent modifications thereto. Such approval can be in the form of omnibus approval of RPT subject to conditions not inconsistent with the conditions specified in Regulation 23(2) and Regulation 23(3) of the Listing Regulations;



- 9. Subject to review by the Board of Directors, review on quarterly basis of RPTs entered into by the Company pursuant to each omnibus approval given pursuant to (8) above;
- 10. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 11. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 12. Review the Company's established system and processes of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 13. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems; 14. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 14. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- 16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 17. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 18. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- 19. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 20. Review of compliances as per the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, at least once in a financial year and shall also verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- 21. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- 22. Consider and comment on rationale, cost benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.

Explanation (i): The term "related party transactions" shall have the same meaning as provided in Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations.

The Audit Committee is also authorised to:

- 1. Investigate any activity within its terms of reference;
- 2. Obtain outside legal or other professional advice;
- 3. Have full access to information contained in the records of the Company;
- 4. Secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary;
- 5. Call for comments from the auditors about internal controls systems and the scope of audit, including the observations of the auditors;
- 6. Review financial statements before submission to the Board; and
- 7. Discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.

The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

1. Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;



- 2. Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
- 3. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- 4. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
- 5. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee; and
- 6. Statement of deviations:
 - a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Listing Regulations; and
 - b) annual statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the Listing Regulations.

III. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The composition and terms of reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations, the NHB / RBI Directions and other applicable laws.

The terms of reference, inter-alia, comprises the following:

- 1. To follow the process for selection and appointment of new directors and succession plans;
- Recommend to the Board from time to time, a compensation structure for Directors and the senior management personnel;
- 3. Identifying persons who are qualified to be appointed as Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend their appointment and / or removal to the Board;
- 4. Formulation of the criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors, the Board and the Committee(s) thereof;
- 5. To assess whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- 6. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- 7. Performing functions relating to all share based employees benefits;
- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a
 director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy relating to the remuneration of the
 Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees; and
- 9. Recommending to the Board, all remunerations, in whatever form, payable to Senior Management of the Company.

Policy on appointment and remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees has been provided on the website of the Company.

Criteria for making payments to non-executive directors

The remuneration to non-executive directors is benchmarked with the relevant market, performance oriented, balanced between financial and sectoral market, based on comparative scales, aligned to corporate goals, role assumed and number of meetings attended.



The Company has not paid any remuneration to its Directors other than sitting fees for attending the meeting of the Board and Committee(s). Pursuant to the limits approved by the Board, all non-executive directors were paid sitting fees of Rs.40,000 (excluding goods and services tax) for attending each meeting of the Board and its Committee(s). No remuneration by way of commission to the non-executive directors. The Company has so far not issued any stock options to its non-executive directors. There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of non-executive directors vis-à-vis the Company.

Employee Stock Option Scheme

Employee Stock Option Scheme (the "Scheme") has been implemented by the Company to the eligible employees based on specified criteria. The Scheme is in compliance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014.

IV. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Company has a Stakeholders Relationship Committee. The composition and terms of reference of Stakeholders Relationship Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations and other applicable laws.

The terms of reference, inter-alia, comprises the following:

- 1. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer / transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new / duplicate certificates, general meetings, etc.;
- 2. Reviewing the measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- 3. Reviewing the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Transfer Agent; and
- 4. Review the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

Investors queries / grievances are normally attended within a period of 3 days from the date of receipt thereof, except in cases involving external agencies or compliance with longer procedural requirements specified by the authorities concerned.

V. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

The Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee. The composition and terms of reference of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws. The Committee's prime responsibility is to assist the Board in discharging its social responsibilities by way of formulating and monitoring implementation of the framework of 'Corporate Social Responsibility Policy'.

The CSR Committee has formulated a CSR policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company.



VI. Risk Management Committee

The Company has a Risk Management Committee. The composition and terms of reference of Risk Management Committee is in compliance with the provisions of the NHB / RBI Directions and other applicable laws.

The Committee is authorised to discharge its responsibilities as follows:

- 1. Overseeing and approving the risk management, internal compliance and control policies and procedures of the Company;
- Overseeing the design and implementation of the risk management and internal control systems (including reporting and internal audit systems), in conjunction with existing business processes and systems, to manage the Company's material business risks;
- 3. Review and monitor the risk management plan, cyber security and related risks;
- 4. Setting reporting guidelines for management;
- Establishing policies for the monitoring and evaluation of risk management systems to assess the effectiveness of those systems in minimizing risks that may impact adversely on the business objectives of the Company;
- 6. Oversight of internal systems to evaluate compliance with corporate policies;
- 7. Providing guidance to the Board on making the Company's risk management policies.
- 8. Formulating a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - a. A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - b. Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified
 - c. Business continuity plan.
- 9. Ensuring that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- 10. Monitoring and overseeing implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- 11. Periodically reviewing the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- 12. Keeping the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- 13. Reviewing the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any).

The minutes of the meetings of all the Committee(s) of the Board of Directors are placed before the Board.

During the year, the Board has accepted all the recommendations of all the Committee(s).

VII. IT Strategy Committee

The Company has a IT Strategy Committee. The composition and terms of reference of IT Strategy Committee is as per NHB/ND/DRS/Policy Circular No. 90/2017-18 dated June 15, 2018.



The Committee is authorised to discharge its responsibilities as follows:

- 1. Formulating policies pertaining to IT strategies, cyber securities including Cyber Crisis Management Plan (CCMP), and other interrelated matters to IT governance;
- 2. Providing inputs to Board and senior management for implementation;
- 3. Review of Policies, strategies, cyber security arrangements, etc., and amendment thereto, as and when required;
- 4. Ascertaining that the management has implemented processes and practices to ensure that the deliverables as per the Policies framed are achieved;
- 5. Reviewing periodically on the value added to the business, by the IT strategies implemented;
- 6. Ensuring that IT investments represent a balance of risk and benefits and conduct cost-benefit analysis by evaluating that the budgets are acceptable;
- 7. Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;
- 8. Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining Company's growth and becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls;
- 9. Carrying out any other function as may be required by other applicable laws and amendments thereto.

VIII. Wilful Defaulter's Identification Committee and Wilful Defaulter's Review Committee

Terms of reference and powers, role, functions, duties and scope of the Committee shall be in terms of the guidelines on Wilful Defaulters issued by RBI Circular No. RBI/2020-21/73/DOR.FIN.HFC.CC.No.120/03.10.136/2020-21dated February 17, 2021 on Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company – Housing Finance Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2021 (earlier NHB circular no. NHB (ND)/DRS/Policy Circular No.74/2015-16 dated December 31, 2015).